## Gauhati University Question Papers ADVANCED FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING (May-June' 2016) (MAJOR)

Full Marks: 80

Time Allowed: 3 hours

Answer either in English or Assamese

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

with the state of
1. Answer as directed: 1x8=8
<ul> <li>a) The Banking Regulation Act was passed in the year 1956. (State whether the statement is True or False)</li> <li>b) Non-banking assets must be disposed off within years from the date of acquisition. (Fill in the blank with appropriate word)</li> </ul>
c) Commission on reinsurance ceded is treated as an
1) Income
2) Expenditure (Choose the correct alternative)
d) Premium received by an insurance company is shown in the Account. (Fill in the blank wit
appropriate word)
e) Face value of the investment is always equal to the capital value. (State whether the statement is True
or False)
f) Cost of bonus shares is (Fill in the blank with appropriate word)
g) Government accounting always follows Double Entry System. (State whether the statement is True o
False)
h) The difference between the Standard Turnover and the Actual Turnover during the indemnity period is
called (Fill in the blank with appropriate word)
2. Answer the following: 2x6=12
a) Briefly explain the meaning of non-performing assets.
b) What is a Valuation Balance Sheet?
c) Mention any two features of Investment Accounting.
d) What is a Loss of Profits Policy?
e) Mention any two objectives of Government Accounting.
f) What is Contingency Fund?
3. (a) Nirvan Bank Ltd. discounted bills of the face value of Rs. 10,00,000 for Rs. 9,68,000 on 13 <sup>th</sup> January, 2014. O
the total discount, Rs. 12,500 pertains to the next accounting year, i.e., 2014-2015. Show the Journal entries to be
passed at the time of discounting the bills. Also show the opening entry in the books of the bank at the beginning

year.

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(b) The Revenue Account of a life insurance company shows the Life Assurance Fund on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2015 at Rs. 62,21,310 before taking into account the following items:

	Rs.
Claims recovered under reinsurance	12,000
Bonus utilized in reduction of Life Insurance Premium	4,500
Interest accrued on securities	8,260
Outstanding premium	5,410
Claims intimated but not admitted	26,500

Compute the correct Life Assurance Fund as on 31st March, 2015, after taking into account the above omissions.

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Or

Write a brief note on Revenue Account of a General Insurance Company.

5

(c) A fire occurred on 25<sup>th</sup> April, 2015 in the premises of CARELESS Ltd. The information available from the books of the company is as follows:

	Rs.
The value of inventory on 01.01.2015	50,000
Purchases from 01.01.2015 to 25.04.2015	3,00,000
Direct labour payment	75,000
Direct expenses paid	50,000
Sales from 01.01.2015 to 25.04.2015	5,00,000
Gross profit ratio is 20% on sales	-
Salvaged value of stock	10,000

Prepare a statement showing the amount of claim to be lodged in case of loss of inventory assuming that the whole of inventory is insured.

Or 5

Explain bonus shares and rights shares.

(d) Explain the responsibilities of Government Accounting Standards Advisory Board.

Or

Write a note on Consolidated Fund of India. 5

4. From the following particulars, prepare the Profit & Loss A/c of UCO Bank Ltd. for the year ending 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2015:

	Rs.
Commission Charged	7,000
Discount on Bills Discounted	2,10,000
Director's and Auditor's Fees	5,000
Establishment Expenses	60,000
Interest on Loans	2,80,000
Interest on Fixed Deposits	2,98,000
Interest on Cash Credit A/c	2,40,000
Sundry Expenses	2,000
Interest on Current A/c	45,000
Interest on Overdraft	60,000
Interest on Savings Bank A/c	72,000
Postage and Telegram	2,000
Printing and Advertising	3,000
Unexpired Discount on Bills Discounted	55,000
Rent and Taxes	22,000

Make a provision of Rs. 30,000 for doubtful debts; Interest income of Rs. 2,000 on non-performing assets cannot be recognised as income in Profit & Loss A/c during the year.

Or

5. From the following figures, prepare a Revenue A/c in the statutory form for Life Insurance Corporation of India for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2015:

	Rs.
Claims by death paid	1,42,000
Claims by maturity paid	70,200
Premium	14,12,10
Consideration for annuities granted	0
Annuities paid	1,64,000
Bonus paid in cash	1,06,900
Expenses of management	4,800
Commission	76,200
Interest, dividend and rent (net)	19,140
Income tax deducted at source	1,95,700
Surrenders	12,400
Bonus in reduction of premium	26,300
Dividend paid to shareholders	1,800
Life Assurance Fund on 01.04.2014	9,000
Outstanding death claims on 01.04.2014	30,45,00
Outstanding death claims on 31.03.2015	0
	22,000
	16,000

## Additional Information:

- a) Increase in net liability on all contracts in force on 31.03.2015 over the same on 31.03.2014 was Rs. 2,00,000.
  - b) Transfer 20% of surplus to Shareholders Account and 10% to Catastrophe Reserve.

Or

State the procedure of ascertainment of profit of a life insurance company and distribution of such profits. 10

6. Jaipur Investments Ltd. holds 1000, 15% debentures of Rs. 100 each in Udaipur Industries Ltd. as on 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2014 at a cost of Rs. 1,05,000. Interest on investment is payable on 30<sup>th</sup> June and 31<sup>st</sup> December every year. On 1<sup>st</sup> May, 2014, 500 debentures are purchased cum-interest at Rs. 53,500. On 1<sup>st</sup> November, 2014, 600 debentures are sold ex-interest at Rs. 57,300. On 30<sup>th</sup> November, 2014, 400 debentures are purchased ex-interest at Rs. 38,400. On 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2014, 400 debentures are sold cum-interest at Rs. 55,000.

Prepare an Investment A/c in the books of Jaipur Investment Ltd. valuing holding on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2015 at cost (applying FIFO method).

Or

What is Investment Accounting? Explain the procedure of recording investment transactions in fixed incomebearing securities. 3+7=10

- 7. From the following particulars, ascertain the amount of claim to be lodged in respect of the consequential loss policy:
  - a) Fire occurred on 1<sup>st</sup> July, 2014 and it affected sales for three months.
- b) Sales for 3 months ending 30<sup>th</sup> September in 2013 and in 2014 were Rs. 1,50,000 and Rs. 50,000 respectively.
  - c) The policy was for Rs. 4,50,000 with a 6 months period of indemnity.
  - d) Sales for 12 months ending 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2014 were Rs. 19,00,000.
- e) Accounts are prepared on 31<sup>st</sup> December. The net profit for 2013 amounted to Rs. 2,50,000 after debiting insured standing charges totalling Rs. 1,10,000. Sales for 2013 were Rs. 18,00,000.
  - f) A sum of Rs. 3,500 was spent as additional expenses to mitigate the effect of the loss.

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Or

Show the distinction between Government Accounting and Commercial Accounting.